STAR PUBLIC SCHOOL

Dear Parents,

Today's assignment

👉 Work done in Hindi notebook(new chapter- उटी की सैर - Reading and Explanation+ book work, नए शब्द , शब्द अर्थ , प्रश्न उत्तर)

👉 English grammar New topic(Past tense) in book

Home assignment

👉 Do the past tense in English grammar book

👉 Learn and write tables of 17,18,19.

2:01 pm ✓✓

21/10/26

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पाठ-11 ऊटी की सैर

नए शब्द

1. सप्रेम
2. अनुभव
3. छुट्टियों
4. पहाड़ियों
5. नीलगिरि
6. खबसूरत
7. सुंदरता
8. मौसम
9. सुहावना
10. बागान
11. वनस्पतियाँ
12. खुफ़ाओं
13. माउंटेन
14. प्राकृतिक
15. निर्माण
16. चट्टान
17. खुशबूदार
18. प्रसिद्ध
19. स्वादिष्ट

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पाठ-11 जटी की सैर शब्द अर्थ

1. बागान - बगीचा
2. वनस्पतियाँ - पेड़-पौधे
3. प्राकृतिक - प्रकृति से उड़ा हुआ
4. विशाल - बहुत बड़ा
5. चट्टान - पत्थर का बहुत बड़ा खंड
6. प्रसिद्ध - जिसे बहुत-से लोग जानते हैं।

: 21/8/26

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पाठ-11 ऊटी की सैर

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मौखिक प्रश्न उत्तर

प्रश्न महक किसके साथ ऊटी घूमने गई थी।

उत्तर महक अपने माता-पिता के साथ घूमने गई थी।

प्रश्न ऊटी झील कितने किलोमीटर तक फैली हुई है?

उत्तर ऊटी झील 2.5 किलोमीटर तक फैली है।

प्रश्न टॉय ट्रेन कितनी गुफाओं से होकर गुज़रती है।

उत्तर टॉय ट्रेन 13 गुफाओं से होकर गुज़रती है।

प्रश्न ऊटी शहर कौन-सी पहाड़ियों पर बसा है।

उत्तर ऊटी शहर नीलगिरी पहाड़ियों पर बसा है।

लिखित

प्रश्न महक ने किसे और क्यों पत्र लिखा है।

उत्तर महक ने नव्या को अपनी गरमी की छुट्टियों के बारे में बताने के लिए पत्र लिखा है।

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प्रश्न ऊटी में पूरे साल कैसा मौसम रहता है।

उत्तर ऊटी में पूरे साल मौसम सुहावना रहता है।

प्रश्न ऊटी झील का निर्माण किसने और कब करवाया?

उत्तर ऊटी झील का निर्माण जॉन सुलिवन ने 1825 में करवाया था।

प्रश्न ऊटी को पहाड़ों की रानी क्यों कहा जाता है।

उत्तर ऊटी को इसकी सुंदरता के कारण ही पहाड़ो की रानी कहा जाता है।

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9 Past Tense

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Take Off



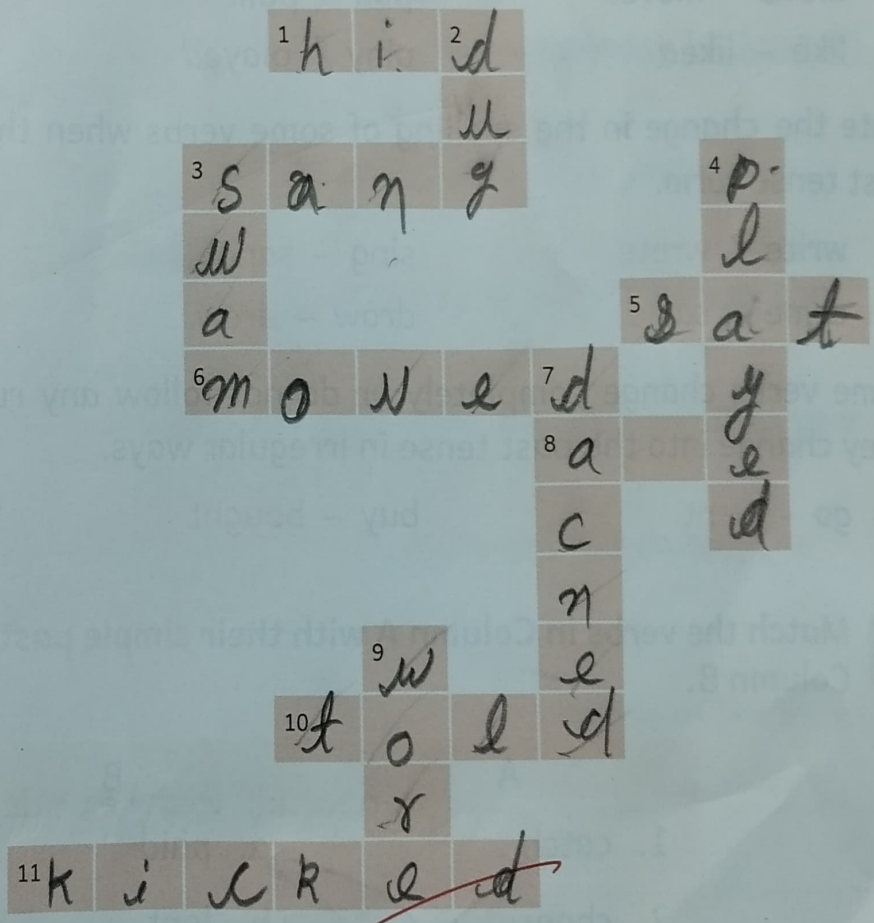
Can you solve this crossword with the actions that happened yesterday? The clues will help you.

Across

1. hide
3. sing
5. sit
6. move
8. eat
10. tell
11. kick

Down

2. dig
3. swim
4. play
7. dance
9. wear



Read the following conversation.

Sam : Hey, Kitty! How was your day?

Kitty : It was great. I went shopping with Mummy. I bought a frock and a pair of shoes.

Sam : That's nice. My parents took me to the beach. We played on the sand and swam in the sea.





Work in pairs. Look at the words highlighted. Talk to your partner about what you did yesterday.

Verbs in the past tense tell us about actions that took place some time ago.

I *went* to the book fair yesterday.

Kabir *participated* in the singing competition.



Simple Past Tense

We add *-d* or *-ed* to change some verbs into their past tense forms.

move ~ move*d*
like ~ like*d*
pull ~ pull*ed*
play ~ play*ed*

Note the change in the spelling of some verbs when they change into the past tense form.

write ~ wrote
come ~ came
sing ~ sang
draw ~ drew

Some verbs change completely or do not follow any rule while changing. They change into the past tense in irregular ways.

go ~ went
buy ~ bought

A **Match the verbs in Column A with their simple past tense forms in Column B.**

A	B
1. catch	a. paid
2. choose	b. lent
3. dive	c. caught
4. lend	d. dived
5. pay	e. chose
6. swear	f. rode
7. meet	g. swore
8. ride	h. met

B Choose the simple past tense forms of the underlined verbs and fill in the blanks.

went	slept	bowled	watched
swam	read	woke	

1. I watch a movie once a week. I watched one yesterday.
2. I read a story every day. Yesterday, I read a story by Ruskin Bond.
3. I swim for half an hour every day. But, yesterday I swam only for fifteen minutes.
4. Normally, I wake up at 6 in the morning. But, yesterday, I woke up at 8 a.m.
5. Smita does not usually sleep during the day. But today she slept for four hours.
6. We go on a vacation around Christmas every year. Last year we went to Puducherry.
7. Usually, Anjali bowls very well. But in the last match, she bowled poorly.

C Write a sentence each using the past tense forms of the given verbs.

1. smile She smiled at me
2. draw He drew a picture
3. sink The boat sank in the river
4. shut Shut down the computer
5. wear She wore a beautiful dress
6. freeze The water froze last night
7. cost The cost of book is fifty
8. sweep The maid swept the floor

D **Read about Shardul's daily routine.**

Shardul wakes up at 6 a.m. He goes for a walk in the park. After he returns, he freshens up. Then he has breakfast. He leaves for school at 8:45 a.m. in the school bus. He stays in school till 2 p.m. He reaches home by 2:30 p.m. and has lunch. Then he rests for a while and finishes his homework. He then goes out to play with his friends. In the evening, he studies for two hours. He has dinner by 9 p.m. and goes to bed by 10 p.m.

Now write what Shardul did yesterday.

Shardul woke up at 6 a.m. yesterday.....

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Past Continuous Tense

We use the past continuous tense to talk about an action that was going on at some point of time in the past.

We use *was/were* and add *-ing* to the main verb to change it into its past continuous form.

Abhay *was playing* the guitar when his uncle came.
(*was* + *play* + *-ing*)

We *were sleeping* when the door bell rang.
(*were* + *sleep* + *-ing*)

E **Use the past continuous (*was/were* + *-ing*) forms of the verbs given in brackets to complete the conversation.**



Mrigya : Hello, Tisha! I must ask you what you were doing (do) last evening.

Tisha : I was shopping (shop) with my mother. You know, my aunt's wedding is next week. But, why?

Mrigya : I was trying (try) to call you but your phone was switched off.

Tisha : Yes, the battery had run out of power and I were not carrying (not carry) a charger with me. Was there something urgent?

Mrigya : No, not really. You know, a new amusement centre has come up in our neighbourhood – Fun Park. Some of us were planning (plan) to go there last evening.

F **Fill in the blanks with the past continuous forms of the verbs given in brackets.**



1. Sarika was feeding her rabbit when I went to her house. (feed)
2. We were resting at home yesterday. (rest)
3. Zaheer was learning to bake a cake last night. (learn)
4. Yesterday, I was practising swimming in the pool. (practise)
5. Monty and Jonty were fighting when their father reached home. (fight)
6. The old woman was trying to cross the road on her own. (try)

7. My sister and I ~~was~~ were riding our bicycles all morning. (ride)

8. They were preparing for their trip to Shillong last evening. (prepare)

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Let's Play Grammar

1. Mind your past tense!

Your teacher will divide the class into two teams: Team A and Team B. Each team will stand in a queue, facing each other. Now the first member of Team A will say aloud a verb in its base form and throw a ball to a member of Team B (by calling out their name), who has to catch the ball and change the verb to its past tense form. If the student gets the answer right, their team earns five points. Now this student will say aloud a verb in its base form and throw the ball to another member of Team A. Again, that member has to catch the ball and change the verb to its past tense form, and the process repeats. If a student is not able to catch the ball, or gets the answer wrong, they are out of the game. The game will continue till everyone gets a chance.

2. Say it right.

Your teacher will divide the class into pairs. She will call each pair to the front of the class one by one.

She will give a flash card to each pair. The flash card will have a clue written on it. Each pair has to use the clue to make two sentences in the past continuous tense: one student will ask a question while the other will answer it. Each pair gets one minute. The teacher will check if the sentences are grammatically correct. The game will continue until all the pairs have played. The pairs that get both the sentences correct will be rewarded by the teacher.

Example:

clue: mother - office - return - do - yesterday

First student: What were you doing when your mother returned from office yesterday?

Second student: When my mother returned from office yesterday, I was watching a cartoon on TV.