

Star Public School

Dear Parents'

Today's assignment

English - Chapter 5 book exercise

Hindi - Chapter 4 question answer

Home assignment

English - Learn Chapter 5 book exercise

Hindi - Learn chapter 4 question answer

Edited 1:03 PM ✓✓

A



Question Corner

A1. Choose the correct answer.

1. Dolls have been around
 - a) for one thousand years.
 - ~~b) for thousands of years.~~
 - c) since year 1000.



2. How many dolls' festivals celebrated in India does the lesson talk about?

a) two ~~b) one~~ c) three

3. Golu is celebrated in
 - a) October–November.
 - b) January–February.
 - ~~c) September–October.~~

4. *Sundal* is prepared with

a) wheat flour. ~~b) chickpeas.~~ c) rice.

5. K. Shankar Pillai was

~~a) a cartoonist.~~ b) a diplomat. c) a doll maker.

A2. Answer the following questions.

1. What materials are used for making dolls?
2. What does 'Navaratri' mean? Why do people celebrate Navaratri?
3. How is *golu* displayed?
4. What happens to the dolls each year after Navaratri?

5. How does the doll collection become better every year?
6. What is the dolls' festival in Japan called?
7. How is Hinamatsuri celebrated?
8. Write three sentences about the dolls museum in Delhi.

A3. Complete the given table with suitable information from the lesson 'The Dolls' Festival'.

| | Tamil Nadu | Japan |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Name of the festival | Golu | Hinamatsuri |
| When is it celebrated? | Month of September, October | 3 March |
| How are the dolls displayed? | mud, ceramic and plastic dolls | dolls dressed in kimonos |
| Special dish made | Sundal | Amazake. |
| Purpose | celebrates victory of good over evil | children work hard. |



Word Corner

Group Names

Diwali, Christmas, Holi, Id, Pongal, Ugadi and Onam are all festivals. *Festivals* is their group name.

HW
B1. Can you find out the group names for the following?

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. ant, bee, fly, mosquito |Insects..... |
| 2. nest, palace, bungalow, hut |homes..... |
| 3. car, bus, scooter, lorry |Vehicles..... |
| 4. aunt, cousin, brother, uncle |Family member..... |
| 5. Mumbai, Tokyo, New York, Cairo |Cities..... |

B2. Fill in the blanks with the words given in the strip.

25th December Holika lamps firecrackers Christmas trees

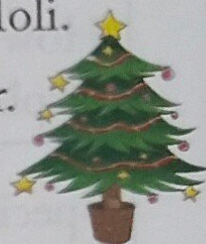
HW 1. We lightlamps..... and burstfirecrackers..... at Diwali.



2. The effigy ofHolika..... is burnt on the eve of Holi.

3. Christmas is celebrated on25th December..... every year.

4. Children decorateChristmas tree..... in their homes.



B3. Here are some synonyms of the word *celebration*. The only problem is that they are jumbled up. Unscramble and write them correctly.

1. yjojoy.....

4. tyarp

.....Party.....

2. efsatfeast.....

5. rreymamngik

.....messymaking.....





3. sefitavlFestival.....



Listening Corner

Your teacher will read out the description of how a few Indian festivals are celebrated. Identify them. Put the correct number against each festival in the order read out by your teacher.

E1. Now write the correct article before these words and phrases.

- | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1. <i>a</i> white egg |  | 6. ... <i>an</i> honest boy | |
| 2. <i>an</i> animal | | 7. <i>a</i> big animal |  |
| 3. <i>an</i> old and broken chair | | 8. <i>an</i> Indian | |
| 4. <i>a</i> school |  | 9. <i>an</i> angry teacher | |
| 5. <i>a</i> university | | 10. <i>an</i> eagle |  |

Definite Article

While *a* and *an* are called indefinite articles, *the* is called the definite article. *The* is used when we talk about a particular thing.



He has *a* bag. *The* bag is blue in colour.

We should use *the* in the second sentence because we have already talked about the bag in the first sentence and we already know which bag we are now talking about.

E2. Complete the sentences with *a*, *an* or *the*.

- Yesterday we saw*a*..... cat in*the*..... drain. It was hurt. So we took*the*..... cat home.
-*An*..... elephant has*a*..... trunk. It uses*the*..... trunk to carry things.
-*An*..... old man passed by our house. He was holding*a*..... cane. I think he was*the*..... beggar.
-*The*..... sky is clear today. Let's go for*a*..... picnic.
- Here is*a*..... taxi. Shall we go by*the*..... taxi, dad?

श्रुतलेख

Listening and Writing Skills

सूर्य
भैया

चाँद
अम्मा

चाँदनी
खिलौने

खबरदार
डाँट

जलधार
फैलाओ

कविता-बोध

Comprehension Skills

1. नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-

मौखिक

- (क) सूर्य क्या देता है? सूर्य धूप देता है।
 (ख) चाँद क्या देता है? चाँद चाँदनी देता है।
 (ग) बादल क्या बरसाते हैं? बादल जलधारा बरसाते हैं।
 (घ) कविता याद कीजिए और गाइए।

लिखित

- (क) अम्मा क्या कहती हैं?
 अम्मा कहती हैं घर-भर में खिलौने मत फैलाओ।
 (ख) हमसे भैया क्या कहते हैं?
 हमसे भैया कहते हैं यहाँ मत आओ, यहाँ से भाग जाओ।
 (ग) पापा कहाँ खेलने के लिए मना करते हैं?
 पापा अंदर खेलने के लिए मना करते हैं।
 (घ) इस कविता के कवि कौन हैं?
 इस कविता के कवि निरंकार देव हैं।